1963 and 2000 **Baptist Faith and Message** Statements: Comparison and Commentary

Introduction

The early history of those Baptists in the United States who eventually called themselves Southern Baptists was marked by an aversion to creeds. For eighty years—from 1845 to 1925—Southern Baptists adopted no official statement of common doctrinal belief. Responding to concerns over modernism which grew in part out of early twentieth-century controversies surrounding evolutionary theory, the SBC appointed a committee chaired by E. Y. Mullins to draft a statement of faith. Depending heavily on the New Hampshire Confession of 1833, the committee crafted the 1925 *Baptist Faith and Message*. Thirty-eight years later, again responding to concerns over modernism, the 1963 SBC appointed a committee chaired by Herschel Hobbs to draft a revised statement of faith. Both the 1925 and 1963 *Baptist Faith and Message* statements clearly interpreted themselves as (1) helpful doctrinal summaries for the Baptist community and (2) concise witness statements to the world.

Both statements painstakingly disavowed creedal status, claiming no authority over individual believers or churches. When messengers to the SBC meeting in June, 2000, adopted yet another revised *Baptist Faith and Message*, the precedent of noncreedal self-interpretation changed dramatically. For the first time the Baptist Faith and Message held itself out be an *"instrument of doctrinal accountability."* The creedal nature and intent of this change is manifest in recent events. Since its adoption, many staff members of Southern Baptist institutions have been required either to sign/affirm the 2000 *Baptist Faith and Message* or to forfeit their positions.

The ascension of the 2000 *Baptist Faith and Message* to creedal status mirrors another problematic change—a de-emphasis on the historic Baptist doctrine of soul competency. The 1963 BFM preamble makes the claim, "*Baptists emphasize the soul's competency before God, freedom in religion, and the priesthood of the believer.*" The 2000 preamble states, "*We honor the principles of soul competency and the priesthood of believers, affirming together both our liberty in Christ and our accountability to each other under the Word of God.*" While these two sentences appear to be similar, they are in fact quite different. The phrase "*accountability to each other under the word of God,*" coupled with the new-found status of the 2000 BFM as an "*instrument of doctrinal accountability,*" effectively trumps the historic Baptist emphasis on soul competency. Accountability to other believers is compatible with soul competency so long as accountability is voluntary and informal. We test our beliefs and interpretations against those of other Christians in the context of the Spirit's guidance. When accountability assumes the form of a human tribunal mediated through a creed, soul competency is effectively emptied of its power and historic meaning, i.e., the individual believer's right and responsibility

to interpret Scripture and practice faith before God. Commenting on the critical importance of the doctrine of soul competency in the 1963 BFM preamble, Herschel Hobbs observed that if this doctrine were "denied or ignored, then the statement [i.e., the 1963 BFM] becomes a creed."¹ Dr. Hobbs' warning has become prophecy. The 2000 Baptist Faith and Message has been used to disemploy staff members from their positions in Baptist institutions and to prequalify potential members of SBC boards and committees. In other words, the 2000 BFM has become exactly what the 1925 and 1963 versions insisted that the Baptist Faith and Message should never become in Baptist life—an authoritarian creed.

The other major change is signaled by the deletion of the sentence in the 1963 preamble, "*The criterion by which the Bible is to be interpreted is Jesus Christ.*" This critical deletion and other changes which de-emphasize the role of Jesus are just as devastating as the moves toward creedalism and are described in detail below. The following sections are intended to facilitate careful side-by-side comparison of the 1963 and 2000 Baptist Faith and Message statements. Not every change is problematic, and some are actually helpful. The purpose of this document is to identify and provide commentary on those changes which are critical to historic Baptist faith and practice.

1963 Baptist Faith and	2000 Baptist Faith and	Changes	Commentary
Message	Message		
Introductory Remarks	Introductory Remarks	Introductory Remarks	Introductory Remarks
Your committee thus constituted begs leave to present its report as follows:	Your committee thus constituted begs leave to present its report as follows: Baptists are a people of deep beliefs and cherished doctrines. Throughout our history we have been a confessional people, adopting statements of faith as a witness to our beliefs and a pledge of our faithfulness to the doctrines revealed in Holy Scripture.	Except for several common sentences, including common quotations from the introductory remarks to the 1925 Baptist Faith concerning the nature of confessions of faith, the introductory remarks are substantially different.	

1963 Baptist Faith and	2000 Baptist Faith and	Changes	Commentary
Message	Message		
8	8		
	Our confessions of faith are		
	rooted in historical precedent,		
	as the church in every age has		
	been called upon to define and		
	defend its beliefs. Each		
	generation of Christians bears		
	the responsibility of guarding		
	the treasury of truth that has		
	been entrusted to us (2 Timothy		
	1:14). Facing a new century,		
	Southern Baptists must meet		
	the demands and duties of the		
	present hour.		
	New challenges to faith appear		
	in every age. A pervasive anti-		
	supernaturalism in the culture		
	was answered by Southern		
	Baptists in 1925, when the		
	Baptist Faith and Message was		
	first adopted by this		
	Convention. In 1963, Southern		
	Baptists responded to assaults		
	upon the authority and		
	truthfulness of the Bible by		
	adopting revisions to the		
	Baptist Faith and Message. The		
	Convention added an article on		
	"The Family" in 1998, thus		See page 37 for detailed
	answering cultural confusion		commentary.
	with the clear teachings of		

1963 Baptist Faith and	2000 Baptist Faith and	Changes	Commentary
Message	Message	_	
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	Scripture. Now, faced with a culture hostile to the very notion of truth, this generation of Baptists must claim anew the eternal truths of the Christian faith.		
Throughout its work your committee has been conscious of the contribution made by the statement of <i>"The Baptist Faith</i> <i>and Message"</i> adopted by the Southern Baptist Convention in 1925. It quotes with approval its affirmation that <i>"Christianity is supernatural in</i> its origin and history. We repudiate every theory of religion which denies the supernatural elements of our faith."	Your committee respects and celebrates the heritage of the <i>Baptist Faith and Message</i> , and affirms the decision of the Convention in 1925 to adopt the <i>New Hampshire Confession</i> of <i>Faith</i> , "revised at certain points and with some additional articles growing out of certain needs" We also respect the important contributions of the 1925 and 1963 editions of the <i>Baptist Faith and Message</i> .		
Furthermore, it concurs in the introductory "statement of the historic Baptist conception of the nature and function of confessions of faith in our religious and denominational life. "It is, therefore, quoted in full as part of this report to the Convention:	With the 1963 committee, we have been guided in our work by the 1925 "statement of the historic Baptist conception of the nature and function of confessions of faith in our religious and denominational life. "It is, therefore, quoted in full as a part of this report to the Convention:		

1963 Baptist Faith and	2000 Baptist Faith and	Changes	Commentary
Message	Message	_	
(1) That they constitute a	(1) That they constitute a		
consensus of opinion of some	consensus of opinion of some		
Baptist body, large or small, for	Baptist body, large or small, for		
the general instruction and	the general instruction and		
guidance of our own people	guidance of our own people		
and others concerning those	and others concerning those		
articles of the Christian faith	articles of the Christian faith		
which are most surely held	which are most surely held		
among us. They are not	among us. They are not		
intended to add anything to the	intended to add anything to the		
simple conditions of salvation	simple conditions of salvation		
revealed in the New Testament,	revealed in the New Testament,		
viz., repentance toward God	viz., repentance toward God		
and faith in Jesus Christ as	and faith in Jesus Christ as		
Saviour and Lord.	Saviour and Lord.		
(2) That we do not regard them	(2) That we do not regard them		
as complete statements of our	as complete statements of our		
faith, having any quality of	faith, having any quality of		
finality or infallibility. As in	finality or infallibility. As in		
the past so in the future	the past so in the future,		
Baptists should hold	Baptists should hold		
themselves free to revise their	themselves free to revise their		
statements of faith as may seem	statements of faith as may seem		
to them wise and expedient at	to them wise and expedient at		
any time.	any time.		
(3) That any group of Baptists,	(3) That any group of Baptists,		
large or small, have the	large or small, have the		
inherent right to draw up for	inherent right to draw up for		
themselves and publish to the	themselves and publish to the		
world a confession of their faith	world a confession of their faith		

1963 Baptist Faith and Message	2000 Baptist Faith and Message	Changes	Commentary
when some these many think it			
whenever they may think it advisable to do so.	whenever they may think it advisable to do so.		
advisable to do so.			The two paragraphs in the 2000
(4) That the sole authority for	(4) That the sole authority for		BFM which follow the five
faith and practice among	faith and practice among		numbered paragraphs are ironic
Baptists is the Scriptures of the	Baptists is the Scriptures of the		with regard to both context and
Old and New Testaments.	Old and New Testaments.		content. Quoted from the 1925
Confessions are only guides in	Confessions are only guides in		BFM, the five numbered
interpretation, having no	interpretation, having no		paragraphs argue powerfully
authority over the conscience.	authority over the conscience.		against creedalism, and the two
			added paragraphs then appear
(5) That they are statements of	(5) That they are statements of		to corroborate this emphasis
religious convictions, drawn	religious convictions, drawn		with language extolling
from the Scriptures, and are not	from the Scriptures, and are not		religious liberty, soul
to be used to hamper freedom	to be used to hamper freedom		competency, and the priesthood
of thought or investigation in	of thought or investigation in		of believers. Upon closer
other realms of life.	other realms of life.		examination, however, the new
			paragraphs actually open the
The 1925 Statement	Baptists cherish and defend		door to creedalism.
recommended "the New	religious liberty, and deny the		
Hampshire Confession of Faith,	right of any secular or religious		The first sentence of the first
revised at certain points, and	authority to impose a		paragraph fails to protect the
with some additional articles	confession of faith upon a		individual from the tyranny of
growing out of certain needs" Your present committee has	church or body of churches. We honor the principles of soul		creedal authority by naming only "a church or body of
adopted the same pattern. It has	competency and the priesthood		churches" as the objects of such
sought to build upon the	of believers, affirming together		protection. The first sentence of
structure of the 1925 Statement,	both our liberty in Christ and		the second paragraph includes
keeping in mind the "certain	our accountability to each other		the phrase, <i>"instruments of</i>
needs" of our generation. At	under the Word of God.		doctrinal accountability." This
times it has reproduced sections			phrase fundamentally alters the
of that Statement without	Baptist churches, associations,		previous versions' self

1963 Baptist Faith and	2000 Baptist Faith and	Changes	Commentary
Message	Message		
change. In other instances it has	and general bodies have		understanding. With this
substituted words for clarity or	adopted confessions of faith as		change, the 2000 BFM is not
added sentences for emphasis.	a witness to the world, and as	T 1 1 ()	only a statement which stands
At certain points it has	instruments of doctrinal	Uses the phrase, "instruments	as a confessional summary for
combined articles, other minor	accountability. We are not	of doctrinal accountability," to	the Baptist community and as a
changes in wording, to	embarrassed to state before the	describe historic Baptist uses of	Baptist witness to the larger
endeavor to relate certain	world that these are doctrines	confessions of faith.	community, but is for the first
doctrines to each other. In still	we hold precious and as		time an "instrument of
others (e.g., "God" and	essential to the Baptist tradition		doctrinal accountability." This
"Salvation") it has sought to	of faith and practice.		new function is not intended
bring together certain truths	A		simply in the voluntary sense in
contained throughout the 1925 Statement in order to relate	As a committee, we have been		which the BFM might serve as a touchstone for doctrinal
	charged to address the "certain		
them more clearly and	needs" of our own generation.		discussions in Baptist
concisely. In no case has it	In an age increasingly hostile to		communities. Rather, the 2000
sought to delete from or to add to the basic contents of the	Christian truth, our challenge is to express the truth as revealed		BFM, guided by this added phrase, has been used as an
1925 Statement.	in Scripture, and to bear		instrument to require
1925 Statement.	witness to Jesus Christ, who is		mandatory doctrinal
Baptists are a people who	"the Way, the Truth, and the		<i>conformity</i> by the SBC. Many
profess a living faith. This faith	Life."		employees of SBC agencies
is rooted and grounded in Jesus	Lije.		i.e., <i>individuals</i> left unprotected
Christ who is "the same	The 1963 committee rightly		from creedal authorityhave
yesterday, and today, and for	sought to identify and affirm		been required to sign and/or
ever." Therefore, the sole	"certain definite doctrines that		affirm the 2000 BFM as a
authority for faith and practice	Baptists believe, cherish, and		condition of continued
among Baptists is Jesus Christ	with which they have been and		employment. It is also the case
whose will is revealed in the	are now closely identified."		that individual church members
Holy Scriptures.	Our living faith is established		have been required to affirm
Long Companies.	upon eternal truths.		the 2000 BFM as a prerequisite
A living faith must experience			for serving on committees and
a growing understanding of			boards of the SBC.

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truth and must be continually interpreted and related to the needs of each new generation. Throughout their history Baptist bodies, both large and small, have issued statements of faith which comprise a consensus of their beliefs. Such statements have never been regarded as complete, infallible statements of faith, nor as official creeds carrying mandatory authority. Thus this generation of Southern Baptists is in historic succession of intent and purpose as it endeavors to state for its time and theological climate those articles of the Christian faith which are most surely held among us. Baptists emphasize the soul's competency before God, freedom in religion, and the priesthood of the believer. However, this emphasis should not be interpreted to mean that there is an absence of certain definite doctrines that Baptists believe, cherish, and with which they have been and are	"Thus this generation of Southern Baptists is in historic succession of intent and purpose as it endeavors to state for its time and theological climate those articles of the Christian faith which are most surely held among us."	Omits language disavowing creedal authority.	While language throughout these paragraphs is dissimilar and difficult to compare, a fundamental difference stands out. The 1963 BFM grounds Baptist faith and practice on "Jesus Christ whose will is revealed in the Holy Scriptures." The 2000 statement says, "Our living faith is established upon eternal truths." In the 1963 statement the foundation for our "living faith" is the person of Christ. In the 2000 statement the foundation for our "living faith" is "eternal truths." This difference should not be understood as two ways of describing the same thing, but rather as two distinct foundations for faith and practice. The 1963 BFM identifies this foundation as Jesus Christ. The 2000 BFM identifies this foundation as eternal truths. The 1963 foundation is a person in whom we believe. The 2000 foundation is a set of truths which we believe. The first

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now closely identified. It is the purpose of this statement of faith and message to set forth certain teachings which we believe.	It is the purpose of this statement of faith and message to set forth certain teachings which we believe.		foundation is <i>relational</i> ; the second is <i>propositional</i> . This foundational difference is manifest at a number of points in subsequent sections, particularly in the following section on scripture. This observation does not imply that the 1963 BFM is not invested in eternal truths which, in fact, are affirmed throughout the text. Rather, the distinction discussed here concerns <i>foundations</i> . In describing Baptist faith and practice, where do we start—with Jesus Christ or with eternal truths? The omission of the 1963 sentence which disavows creedalism (see top of page 8) supports the creedal authoritarian role the 2000 BFM has now assumed in Southern Baptist life.
I. The Scriptures	I. The Scriptures	I. The Scriptures	I. The Scriptures
The Holy Bible was written by men divinely inspired and is the record of God's revelation of Himself to man. It is a perfect treasure of divine instruction. It	The Holy Bible was written by men divinely inspired and is God's revelation of Himself to man. It is a perfect treasure of divine instruction. It has God	Deletes the phrase, " <i>the record</i> of"	<i>Deleting</i> this phrase is unfortunate because " <i>the</i> <i>record of</i> " has the effect of centering the revelation of God in God's mighty acts, i.e., in

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has God for its author, salvation for its end, and truth,	for its author, salvation for its end, and truth, without any		the <i>events</i> of salvation history, rather than in the <i>words</i> which
without any mixture of error, for its matter. It reveals the	mixture of error, for its matter. Therefore, all Scripture is	Adds the sentence, <i>"Therefore</i> ,	describe these events. The words of scripture record the
principles by which God judges us; and therefore is, and will	totally true and trustworthy. It reveals the principles by which	all Scripture is totally true and trustworthy."	faith community's witness to these events, but the self-
remain to the end of the world, the true center of Christian	God judges us, and therefore is, and will remain to the end of		revelation of God is manifest in the events themselves. Here the
union, and the supreme standard by which all human	the world, the true center of Christian union, and the		foundational difference referred to above is clearly apparent.
conduct, creeds, and religious opinions should be tried. The	supreme standard by which all human conduct, creeds, and		Affirming that the Bible is the <i>record of</i> the revelation points
criterion by which the Bible is to be interpreted is Jesus Christ.	religious opinions should be tried. All Scripture is a	Deletes the sentence, " <i>The criterion by which the Bible is</i>	us to the <i>living Christ</i> , i.e., the central event of God's
<i>Ex.</i> 24:4; <i>Deut.</i> 4:1-2; 17:19;	testimony to Christ, who is	to be interpreted is Jesus	redemptive work, as the

Josh. 8:34; Psalm 19:7-10; Himself the focus of divine Christ." revelation of God. Deleting this phrase affirms that the Bible 119:11, 89, 105, 140; Isa. revelation. 34:16; 40:8; Jer. 15:16; 36; Ex. 24:4; Deut. 4:1-2; 17:19; Adds the sentence, "All itself is the revelation of God. Scripture is a testimony to Matt. 5:17-18; 22:29; Luke Josh. 8:34; Psalm 19:7-10; The words of scripture are 21:33; 24:44-46; John 5:39; 119:11, 89, 105, 140; Isa. *Christ, who is Himself the focus* absolutely crucial to God's 16:13-15; 17:17; Acts 2:16 ff; 34:16; 40:8; Jer. 15:16; 36:1of divine revelation." self-revelation as they bear 17:11: Rom. 15:4: 16:25-26: 2 32; Matt. 5:17-18; 22:29; Luke witness to God's work among *Tim.* 3:15-17; *Heb.* 1:1-2 4:12; 21:33; 24:44-46; John 5:39; us. The biblical writers were 1 Peter 1:25; 2 Peter 1:19-21 16:13-15; 17:17; Acts 2:16ff; inspired by the Holy Spirit in composing their written witness 17:11; Rom. 15:4; 16:25-26; 2 *Tim.* 3:15-17; *Heb.* 1:1-2; to God's revelation. Readers of 4:12; 1 Peter 1:25; 2 Peter every age are illumined by the 1:19-21 Spirit to discern the revelation of God through the words of scripture. Yet even as the Bible participates in the revelatory process, the phrase "record of"

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			reminds us that scripture directs us beyond its words to God's creative and redemptive work which culminates in the Christ event. Deleting this phrase has the unfortunate effect of elevating the Bible above Christ. The deleted sentence, " <i>The</i>
			criterion by which the Bible is to be interpreted is Jesus Christ, " further reinforces the focus on words of scripture rather than the living Christ. For traditional Baptists who find our roots in the Anabaptist
			and Baptist movements of sixteenth and seventeenth century Europe, the denial of Jesus as the interpretive criterion of scripture is devastating. The distinctive core of historic Baptist faith
			and practice is <i>following Jesus</i> . To be faithfully Baptist is to center our lives in the living Christ, to embody Jesus' life, death, and resurrection. Because the Holy Spirit is the spirit of Christ, to be led by the Spirit is to be centered in

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			Christ. Guided by the biblical witness and illumined by the Spirit, Jesus becomes our center, defining our ways of knowing and doing. For traditional Baptists there is no alternate vantage point for interpreting scripture than Jesus. Just as Paul interpreted Old Testament law in light of Jesus, we interpret the entire canon in light of Jesus. Wherever scripture seems unclear, we rely on Jesus to provide clarity. Wherever scripture seems to be in tension with itself, we affirm that Jesus is the interpretive key to resolving these tensions. Wherever scripture is subject to contradictory and incongruent interpretations, we look to Jesus for guidance. Jesus is not only the One to whom scripture bears witness (the added sentence), he is Lord of scripture, the criterion for biblical interpretation (the deleted sentence).

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Message	Message		

II. God	II. God	II. God	II. God
There is one and only one living and true God. He is an intelligent, spiritual, and personal Being, the Creator, Redeemer, Preserver, and Ruler of the universe. God is infinite in holiness and all other perfections. To Him we owe the highest love, reverence, and obedience. The eternal God reveals Himself to us as Father, Son, and Holy Spirit, with distinct personal attributes, but without division of nature, essence, or being.	There is one and only one living and true God. He is an intelligent, spiritual, and personal Being, the Creator, Redeemer, Preserver, and Ruler of the universe. God is infinite in holiness and all other perfections. God is all powerful and all knowing; and His perfect knowledge extends to all things, past, present, and future, including the future decisions of His free creatures. To Him we owe the highest love, reverence, and obedience. The eternal triune God reveals Himself to us as Father, Son, and Holy Spirit, with distinct personal attributes, but without division of nature, essence, or being.	Adds the sentence, "God is all powerful and all knowing; and His perfect knowledge extends to all things, past, present, and future, including the future decisions of His free creatures." Adds the word, "triune."	
A. God the Father	A. God the Father	A. God the Father	A. God the Father
God as Father reigns with providential care over His universe, His creatures, and the flow of the stream of human history according to the purposes of His grace. He is all	God as Father reigns with providential care over His universe, His creatures, and the flow of the stream of human history according to the purposes of His grace. He is all	Adds the phrase, "all	

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Message	Message		
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powerful, all loving, and all	powerful, all knowing, all	knowing."	
wise. God is Father in truth to	loving, and all wise. God is		
those who become children of	Father in truth to those who		
God through faith in Jesus	become children of God		
Christ. He is fatherly in His	through faith in Jesus Christ.		
attitude toward all men.	He is fatherly in His attitude		
Gen. 1:1; 2:7; Ex. 3:14; 6:2-3;	toward all men.		
15:11 ff; 20:1 ff; Lev. 22:2;	Gen. 1:1; 2:7; Ex. 3:14; 6:2-3;		
Deut. 6:4; 32:6; 1 Chron.	15:11ff; 20:1ff; Lev. 22:2;		
29:10; Psalm 19:1-3; Isa. 43:3,	Deut. 6:4; 32:6; 1 Chron.		
15; 64:8; Jer. 10:10; 17:13;	29:10; Psalm 19:1-3; Isa. 43:3,		
Matt. 6:9 ff; 7:11; 23:9; 28:19;	15; 64:8; Jer. 10:10; 17:13;		
Mark 1:9-11; John 4:24; 5:26;	Matt. 6:9ff; 7:11; 23:9; 28:19;		
14:6-13; 17:1-8; Acts 1:7;	Mark 1:9-11; John 4:24; 5:26;		
Rom. 8:14-15; 1 Cor. 8:6; Gal.	14:6-13; 17:1-8; Acts 1:7;		
4:6; Eph. 4:6; Col. 1:15; 1	Rom. 8:14-15; 1 Cor. 8:6; Gal.		
<i>Tim.</i> 1:17; <i>Heb.</i> 11:6; 12:9; 1	4:6; Eph. 4:6; Col. 1:15; 1		
Peter 1:17; 1 John 5:7	Tim. 1:17; Heb. 11:6; 12:9; 1		
	Peter 1:17; 1 John 5:7		
B. God the Son	B. God the Son	B. God the Son	B. God the Son
Christ is the eternal Son of	Christ is the eternal Son of		
God. In His incarnation as	God. In His incarnation as		
Jesus Christ He was conceived	Jesus Christ He was conceived		
of the Holy Spirit and born of	of the Holy Spirit and born of		
the virgin Mary. Jesus perfectly	the virgin Mary. Jesus perfectly	Changes the phrase, "the	
revealed and did the will of	revealed and did the will of	demands and necessities of	
God, taking upon Himself the	God, taking upon Himself	human nature" to "human	
demands and necessities of	human nature with its demands	nature with its demands and	
human nature and identifying	and necessities and identifying	necessities."	
Himself completely with	Himself completely with		

1963 Baptist Faith and	2000 Baptist Faith and	Changes	Commentary
Message	Message		
<u>v</u>	<u> </u>		·
mankind yet without sin. He	mankind yet without sin. He		
honored the divine law by His	honored the divine law by His		
personal obedience, and in His	personal obedience, and in His	Adds the word,	The added word emphasizes
death on the cross He made	substitutionary death on the	"substitutionary."	one biblical image of Christ's
provision for the redemption of	cross He made provision for the		work—his substitutionary
men from sin. He was raised	redemption of men from sin.		death. Because the New
from the dead with a glorified	He was raised from the dead		Testament offers several
body and appeared to His	with a glorified body and		images of Christ's work, e.g.,
disciples as the person who was	appeared to His disciples as the		reconciliation to God and to
with them before His	person who was with them		each other, victory over the
crucifixion. He ascended into	before His crucifixion. He		powers and principalities,
heaven and is now exalted at	ascended into heaven and is		ransom or release from
the right hand of God where He	now exalted at the right hand of	Changes the phrase, "partaking	bondage, emphasizing only one
is the One Mediator, partaking	God where He is the One	of the nature of God and of	interpretive image of Christ's
of the nature of God and of	Mediator, fully God, fully man,	man" to "fully God, fully	work has the effect of limiting
man, and in whose Person is	in whose Person is effected the	man."	the fullness of the biblical
effected the reconciliation	reconciliation between God and		witness.
between God and man. He will	man. He will return in power		
return in power and glory to	and glory to judge the world		
judge the world and to	and to consummate His		
consummate His redemptive	redemptive mission. He now		
mission. He now dwells in all	dwells in all believers as the		
believers as the living and ever	living and ever present Lord.		
present Lord.	Gen. 18:1ff; Psalm 2:7 ff;		
Gen. 18:1 ff; Psalm 2:7 ff;	110:1 ff; Isa. 7:14; 53; Matt.		
110:1 ff; Isa. 7:14; 53; Matt.	1:18-23; 3:17; 8:29; 11:27;		
1:18-23; 3:17; 8:29; 11:27;	14:33; 16:16, 27; 17:5; 27;		
14:33; 16:16, 27; 17:5; 27;	28:1-6,19; Mark 1:1; 3:11;		
28:1-6, 19; Mark 1:1; 3:11;	Luke 1:35; 4:41; 22:70; 24:46;		
Luke 1:35; 4:41; 22:70; 24:46;	John 1:1-18, 29; 10:30, 38;		
John 1:1-18, 29; 10:30, 38;	11:25-27; 12:44-50; 14:7-11;		
11:25-27; 12:44-50; 14:7-11;	16:15-16, 28; 17:1-5, 21-22;		

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16:15-16, 28; 17:1-5, 21-22; 20:1-20, 28; Acts 1:9; 2:22- 24; 7:55-56; 9:4-5, 20; Rom. 1:3-4; 3:23-26; 5:6-21; 8:1-3, 34; 10:4; 1 Cor. 1:30; 2:2; 8:6; 15:1-8, 24-28; 2 Cor. 5:19- 21; Gal. 4:4-5; Eph. 1:20; 3:11; 4:7-10; Phil. 2:5-11; Col. 1:13-	20:1-20,28; Acts 1:9; 2:22-24; 7:55-56; 9:4-5,20; Rom. 1:3-4; 3:23-26; 5:6-21; 8:1-3,34; 10:4; 1 Cor. 1:30; 2:2; 8:6; 15:1-8,24-28; 2 Cor. 5:19-21; 8:9; Gal. 4:4-5; Eph. 1:20; 3:11; 4:7-10; Phil. 2:5-11; Col. 1:13-22; 2:9; 1 Thess. 4:14-18;		
22; 2:9; 1 Thess. 4:14-18; 1 Tim. 2:5-6; 3:16; Titus 2:13- 14; Heb. 1:1-3; 4:14-15; 7:14- 28; 9:12-15, 24-28; 12:2; 13:8; 1 Peter 2:21-25; 3:22; 1 John 1:7-9; 3:2; 4:14-15; 5:9; 2 John 7-9; Rev. 1:13-16; 5:9- 14; 12:10-11; 13:8; 19:16	1 Tim. 2:5-6; 3:16; Titus 2:13- 14; Heb. 1:1-3; 4:14-15; 7:14- 28; 9:12-15,24-28; 12:2; 13:8; 1 Peter 2:21-25; 3:22; 1 John 1:7-9; 3:2; 4:14-15; 5:9; 2 John 7-9; Rev. 1:13-16; 5:9- 14; 12:10-11; 13:8; 19:16		
<i>C. God the Holy Spirit</i> The Holy Spirit is the Spirit of	<i>C. God the Holy Spirit</i> The Holy Spirit is the Spirit of	<i>C. God the Holy Spirit</i> Adds the phrase, " <i>fully divine</i> ."	C. God the Holy Spirit
God. He inspired holy men of old to write the Scriptures. Through illumination He enables men to understand truth. He exalts Christ. He convicts of sin, of righteousness and of judgment. He calls men to the Saviour, and effects regeneration. He	God, fully divine. He inspired holy men of old to write the Scriptures. Through illumination He enables men to understand truth. He exalts Christ. He convicts men of sin, of righteousness, and of judgment. He calls men to the Saviour, and effects	Adds the word, "men."	
cultivates Christian character, comforts believers, and bestows the spiritual gifts by	regeneration. At the moment of regeneration He baptizes every believer into the Body of	Adds the sentence. "At the moment of regeneration He baptizes every believer into the	

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<u>v</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·	
which they serve God through	Christ. He cultivates Christian	Body of Christ."	
His church. He seals the	character, comforts believers,		
believer unto the day of final	and bestows the spiritual gifts		
redemption. His presence in the	by which they serve God		
Christian is the assurance of	through His church. He seals		
God to bring the believer into	the believer unto the day of		
the fullness of the stature of	final redemption. His presence	Changes the phrase, "the	
Christ. He enlightens and	in the Christian is the guarantee	assurance of God to bring," to	
empowers the believer and the	that God will bring the believer	"the guarantee that God will	
church in worship, evangelism,	into the fullness of the stature	bring."	
and service.	of Christ. He enlightens and		
Gen. 1:2; Judg. 14:6; Job	empowers the believer and the		
26:13; Psalm 51:11; 139:7 ff;	church in worship, evangelism,		
Isa. 61:1-3; Joel 2:28-32; Matt.	and service.		
1:18; 3:16; 4:1; 12:28-32;	Gen. 1:2; Judg. 14:6; Job		
28:19; Mark 1:10, 12; Luke	26:13; Psalm 51:11; 139:7ff;		
1:35; 4:1, 18-19; 11:13; 12:12;	Isa. 61:1-3; Joel 2:28-32; Matt.		
24:49; John 4:24; 14:16-17,	1:18; 3:16; 4:1; 12:28-32;		
26; 15:26; 16:7-14; Acts 1:8;	28:19; Mark 1:10,12; Luke		
2:1-4, 38; 4:31; 5:3; 6:3; 7:55;	1:35; 4:1,18-19; 11:13; 12:12;		
8:17, 39; 10:44; 13:2; 15:28;	24:49; John 4:24; 14:16-17,26;		
16:6; 19:1-6; Rom. 8:9-11, 14-	15:26; 16:7-14; Acts 1:8; 2:1-		
16, 26-27; 1 Cor. 2:10- 14;	4,38; 4:31; 5:3; 6:3; 7:55;		
3:16; 12:3-11; Gal. 4:6; Eph.	8:17,39; 10:44; 13:2; 15:28;		
1:13-14; 4:30; 5:18; 1 Thess.	16:6; 19:1-6; Rom. 8:9-11,14-		
5:19; 1 Tim. 3:16; 4:1; 2 Tim.	16,26-27; 1 Cor. 2:10-14;		
1:14; 3:16; Heb. 9:8, 14; 2	3:16; 12:3-11,13; Gal. 4:6;		
Peter 1:21; 1 John 4:13; 5:6-7;	Eph. 1:13-14; 4:30; 5:18; 1		
<i>Rev.</i> 1:10; 22:17	Thess. 5:19; 1 Tim. 3:16; 4:1;		
	2 Tim. 1:14; 3:16; Heb. 9:8,14;		
	2 Peter 1:21; 1 John 4:13; 5:6-		
	7; Rev. 1:10; 22:17		

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III. Man	III. Man	III. Man	III. Man
Man was created by the special	Man is the special creation of	Replaces the sentence, "Man	
act of God, in His own image,	God, made in His own image.	was created by the special act	
and is the crowning work of	He created them male and	of God, in His own image, and	
His creation. In the beginning	female as the crowning work of	is the crowning work of His	
man was innocent of sin and	His creation. The gift of gender	creation" with the sentences,	
was endowed by His Creator	is thus part of the goodness of	"Man is the special creation of	
with freedom of choice. By his	God's creation. In the	God, made in His own image.	
free choice man sinned against	beginning man was innocent of	He created them male and	
God and brought sin into the	sin and was endowed by his	female as the crowning work of	
human race. Through the	Creator with freedom of choice.	His creation."	
temptation of Satan man	By his free choice man sinned		
transgressed the command of	against God and brought sin	Adds the sentence, "The gift of	
God, and fell from his original	into the human race. Through	gender is thus part of the	
innocence; whereby his	the temptation of Satan man	goodness of God's creation."	
posterity inherit a nature and an	transgressed the command of		
environment inclined toward	God, and fell from his original	Breaks the sentence, "Through	
sin, and as soon as they are	innocence whereby his	the temptation of Satan man	
capable of moral action become	posterity inherit a nature and an	transgressed the command of	
transgressors and are under	environment inclined toward	God, and fell from his original	
condemnation. Only the grace	sin. Therefore, as soon as they	innocence; whereby his	
of God can bring man into His	are capable of moral action,	posterity inherit a nature and	
holy fellowship and enable man	they become transgressors and	an environment inclined toward	
to fulfill the creative purpose of	are under condemnation. Only	sin, and as soon as they are	
God. The sacredness of human	the grace of God can bring man	capable of moral action	
personality is evident in that	into His holy fellowship and	become transgressors and are	
God created man in His own	enable man to fulfill the	under condemnation" into two	
image, and in that Christ died	creative purpose of God. The	sentences, "Through the	
for man; therefore every man	sacredness of human	temptation of Satan man	
possesses dignity and is worthy	personality is evident in that	transgressed the command of	

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of respect and Christian love. <i>Gen.</i> 1:26-30; 2:5, 7, 18-22; 3; 9:6; <i>Psalm</i> 1; 8:3-6; 32:1-5; 51:5; <i>Isa.</i> 6:5; <i>Jer.</i> 17:5; <i>Matt.</i> 16:26; <i>Acts</i> 17:26-31; <i>Rom.</i> 1:19-32; 3:10-18, 23; 5:6, 12, 19; 6:6; 7:14-25; 8:14-18, 29; 1 Cor. 1:21-31; 15:19, 21-22; Eph. 2:1-22; Col. 1:21-22; 3:9- 11	God created man in His own image, and in that Christ died for man; therefore, every person of every race possesses full dignity and is worthy of respect and Christian love. <i>Gen.</i> 1:26-30; 2:5,7,18-22; 3; 9:6; <i>Psalm</i> 1; 8:3-6; 32:1-5; 51:5; <i>Isa.</i> 6:5; <i>Jer.</i> 17:5; <i>Matt.</i> 16:26; <i>Acts</i> 17:26-31; <i>Rom.</i> 1:19-32; 3:10-18,23; 5:6,12,19; 6:6; 7:14-25; 8:14- 18,29; 1 Cor. 1:21-31; 15:19,21-22; <i>Eph.</i> 2:1-22; <i>Col.</i> 1:21-22; 3:9-11	God, and fell from his original innocence whereby his posterity inherit a nature and an environment inclined toward sin. Therefore, as soon as they are capable of moral action, they become transgressors and are under condemnation." Replaces the phrase, "every man possesses dignity" with the phrase, "every person of every race possesses full dignity."	
<i>IV. Salvation</i> Salvation involves the redemption or the whole man, and is offered freely to all who accept Jesus Christ as Lord and Saviour, who by His own blood obtained eternal redemption for the believer. In its broadest sense salvation includes regeneration, sanctification, and glorification.	<i>IV. Salvation</i> Salvation involves the redemption of the whole man, and is offered freely to all who accept Jesus Christ as Lord and Saviour, who by His own blood obtained eternal redemption for the believer. In its broadest sense salvation includes regeneration, justification, sanctification, and glorification. There is no salvation apart from personal faith in Jesus Christ as Lord.	IV. Salvation Adds the word, "justification." Adds the sentence, "There is no salvation apart from personal faith in Jesus Christ	IV. Salvation

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		as Lord."	
A. Regeneration, or the new birth, is a work of God's grace whereby believers become new creatures in Christ Jesus. It is a change of heart wrought by the Holy Spirit through conviction of sin, to which the sinner responds in repentance toward God and faith in the Lord Jesus Christ. Repentance and faith are inseparable experiences of grace. Repentance is a genuine turning from sin toward God. Faith is the acceptance of Jesus Christ and commitment of the entire personality to Him as Lord and Saviour. Justification is God's gracious and full acquittal upon principles of His righteousness of all sinners who repent and believe in Christ. Justification brings the believer into a relationship of peace and favor with God.	 A. Regeneration, or the new birth, is a work of God's grace whereby believers become new creatures in Christ Jesus. It is a change of heart wrought by the Holy Spirit through conviction of sin, to which the sinner responds in repentance toward God and faith in the Lord Jesus Christ. Repentance and faith are inseparable experiences of grace. Repentance is a genuine turning from sin toward God. Faith is the acceptance of Jesus Christ and commitment of the entire personality to Him as Lord and Saviour. B. Justification is God's gracious and full acquittal upon principles of His righteousness of all sinners who repent and believe in Christ. Justification brings the believer unto a 	as Lord." Changes paragraphing so that "regeneration," "justification," "sanctification," and "glorification" are separate outline items. In the 1963 BFM	
	relationship of peace and favor	"justification" is the last	
	with God.	sentence of the paragraph "salvation."	
B. Sanctification is the	C. Sanctification is the		
experience, beginning in	experience, beginning in		

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regeneration, by which the	regeneration, by which the		
believer is set apart to God's	believer is set apart to God's		
purposes, and is enabled to	purposes, and is enabled to		
progress toward moral and	progress toward moral and	Replaces the word,	
spiritual perfection through the	spiritual maturity through the	"perfection," with the word,	
presence and power of the Holy	presence and power of the Holy	"maturity."	
Spirit dwelling in him. Growth	Spirit dwelling in him. Growth		
in grace should continue	in grace should continue		
throughout the regenerate	throughout the regenerate		
person's life.	person's life.		
C. Glorification is the	D. Glorification is the		
culmination of salvation and is	culmination of salvation and is		
the final blessed and abiding	the final blessed and abiding		
state of the redeemed.	state of the redeemed.		
Gen. 3:15; Ex. 3:14-17; 6:2-8;	Gen. 3:15; Ex. 3:14-17; 6:2-8;		
Matt. 1:21; 4:17; 16:21-26;	Matt. 1:21; 4:17; 16:21-26;		
27:22-28:6; Luke 1:68-69;	27:22-28:6; Luke 1:68-69;		
2:28-32; John 1:11-14, 29;	2:28-32; John 1:11-14,29; 3:3-		
3:3-21, 36; 5:24; 10:9, 28-29;	21, 36; 5:24; 10:9,28-29; 15:1-		
15:1-16; 17:17; Acts 2:21;	16; 17:17; Acts 2:21; 4:12;		
4:12; 15:11; 16:30-31; 17:30-	15:11; 16:30-31; 17:30-31;		
31; 20:32; Rom. 1:16-18; 2:4;	20:32; Rom. 1:16-18; 2:4;		
<i>3:23-25; 4:3 ff; 5:8-10; 6:1-23;</i>	3:23-25; 4:3ff; 5:8-10; 6:1-23;		
8:1-18, 29-39; 10:9-10, 13;	8:1-18,29-39; 10:9-10,13;		
13:11-14; 1 Cor. 1:18, 30;	13:11-14; 1 Cor. 1:18,30;		
6:19-20; 15:10; 2 Cor. 5:17-	6:19-20; 15:10; 2 Cor. 5:17-		
20; Gal. 2:20; 3:13; 5:22-25;	20; Gal. 2:20; 3:13; 5:22-25;		
6:15; Eph. 1:7; 2:8-22; 4:11-	6:15; Eph. 1:7; 2:8-22; 4:11-		
16; Phil. 2:12-13; Col. 1:9-22;	16; Phil. 2:12-13; Col. 1:9-22;		
3:1 ff; 1 Thess. 5:23-24; 2 Tim.	3:1ff; 1 Thess. 5:23-24; 2 Tim.		
1:12; Titus 2:11-14; Heb. 2:1-	1:12; Titus 2:11-14; Heb. 2:1-		

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3; 5:8-9; 9:24-28; 11:1-12:8; 14; James 2:14-26; 1 Peter 1:2-23; 1 John 1:6-2:11; Rev. 3:20; 21:1-22:5	<i>3; 5:8-9; 9:24-28; 11:1- 12:8,14; James 2:14-26; 1 Peter 1:2-23; 1 John 1:6-2:11;</i> Rev. 3:20; 21:1-22:5		
V. God's Purpose of Grace	V. God's Purpose of Grace	V. God's Purpose of Grace	V. God's Purpose of Grace
Election is the gracious purpose of God, according to which He regenerates, sanctifies, and glorifies sinners. It is consistent with the free agency of man, and comprehends all the means in connection with the end. It is a glorious display of God's sovereign goodness, and is infinitely wise, holy, and unchangeable. It excludes boasting and promotes humility. All true believers endure to the end. Those whom God has accepted in Christ, and sanctified by His Spirit, will never fall away from the state of grace, but shall persevere to the end. Believers may fall into sin through neglect and temptation, whereby they grieve the Spirit, impair their graces and comforts, bring reproach on the cause of Christ,	Election is the gracious purpose of God, according to which He regenerates, justifies, sanctifies, and glorifies sinners. It is consistent with the free agency of man, and comprehends all the means in connection with the end. It is the glorious display of God's sovereign goodness, and is infinitely wise, holy, and unchangeable. It excludes boasting and promotes humility. All true believers endure to the end. Those whom God has accepted in Christ, and sanctified by His Spirit, will never fall away from the state of grace, but shall persevere to the end. Believers may fall into sin through neglect and temptation, whereby they grieve the Spirit, impair their graces and comforts, and bring reproach	Adds the word, " <i>justifies</i> ." Changes the word, " <i>a</i> ," to " <i>the</i> ."	

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and temporal judgments on	on the cause of Christ and		
themselves, yet they shall be	temporal judgments on		
kept by the power of God	themselves; yet they shall be		
through faith unto salvation.	kept by the power of God		
Gen. 12:1-3; Ex. 19:5-8; 1	through faith unto salvation.		
Sam. 8:4-7, 19-22; Isa. 5:1-7;	Gen. 12:1-3; Ex. 19:5-8; 1		
Jer. 31:31ff; Matt. 16:18-19;	Sam. 8:4-7,19-22; Isa. 5:1-7;		
21:28-45; 24:22, 31; 25:34;	Jer. 31:31ff; Matt. 16:18-19;		
Luke 1:68-79; 2:29-32; 19:41-	21:28-45; 24:22,31; 25:34;		
44; 24:44-48; John 1:12-14;	Luke 1:68-79; 2:29-32; 19:41-		
3:16; 5:24; 6:44-45, 65; 10:27-	44; 24:44-48; John 1:12-14;		
29; 15:16; 17:6, 12, 17-18;	3:16; 5:24; 6:44-45,65; 10:27-		
Acts 20:32; Rom. 5:9-10; 8:28-	29; 15:16; 17:6, 12, 17-18;		
39; 10:12-15; 11:5-7, 26-36; 1	Acts 20:32; Rom. 5:9-10; 8:28-		
Cor. 1:1-2; 15:24-28; Eph.	39; 10:12-15; 11:5-7, 26-36; 1		
1:4-23; 2:1-10; 3:1-11; Col.	Cor. 1:1-2; 15:24-28; Eph.		
1:12-14; 2 Thess. 2:13-14; 2	1:4-23; 2:1-10; 3:1-11; Col.		
Tim. 1:12; 2:10, 19; Heb.	1:12-14; 2 Thess. 2:13-14; 2		
11:39-12:2; 1 Peter 1:2-5, 13;	Tim. 1:12; 2:10,19; Heb.		
2:4-10; 1 John 1:7-9; 2:19;	11:39-12:2; James 1:12; 1		
3:2.	Peter 1:2-5, 13; 2:4-10; 1 John		
	1:7-9; 2:19; 3:2		
VI. The Church	VI. The Church	VI. The Church	VI. The Church
A New Testament church of the	A New Testament church of the	Restructures the first three	
Lord Jesus Christ is a local	Lord Jesus Christ is an	sentences.	
body of baptized believers who	autonomous local congregation		
are associated by covenant in	of baptized believers,		
the faith and fellowship of the	associated by covenant in the		
gospel, observing the two	faith and fellowship of the		
ordinances of Christ,	gospel; observing the two	Replaces the phrase,	The new phrase is a subtle, but

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committed to His teachings,	ordinances of Christ, governed	"committed to His teachings,"	definite shift which illustrates
exercising the gifts, rights, and	by His laws, exercising the	with the phrase, "governed by	the foundational difference
privileges invested in them by	gifts, rights, and privileges	His laws."	discussed in the commentary
His Word, and seeking to	invested in them by His Word,		concerning the introductory
extend the gospel to the ends of	and seeking to extend the		remarks. The 1963 phrase,
the earth. This church is an	gospel to the ends of the earth.		"committed to his teachings,"
autonomous body, operating	Each congregation operates		points us to the <i>living Christ</i> ,
through democratic processes	under the Lordship of Christ		whom we know from the
under the Lordship of Jesus	through democratic processes.		biblical witness to Jesus' life,
Christ. In such a congregation	In such a congregation each	Replaces the sentence, "In such	
members are equally	member is responsible and	a congregation members are	2000 phrase, "governed by his
responsible. Its Scriptural	accountable to Christ as Lord.	equally responsible" with the	laws," on the other hand, points
officers are pastors and	Its scriptural officers are	sentence, "In such a	us to the <i>eternal truths</i> of the
deacons. The New Testament	pastors and deacons. While	congregation each member is	2000 BFM introduction.
speaks also of the church as the	both men and women are gifted	responsible and accountable to	
body of Christ which includes	for service in the church, the	Christ as Lord."	
all of the redeemed of all the	office of pastor is limited to		
ages.	men as qualified by Scripture.	Adds the sentence, "While both	The added sentence moves the
Matt. 16:15-19; 18:15-20; Acts	The New Testament speaks	men and women are gifted for	issue of women serving as
2:41-42, 47; 5:11-14; 6:3-6;	also of the church as the Body	service in the church, the office	pastor from the traditional
13:1-3; 14:23, 27; 15:1-30;	of Christ which includes all of	of pastor is limited to men as	context of local church polity to
16:5; 20:28; Rom. 1:7; 1 Cor.	the redeemed of all the ages,	qualified by Scripture."	the Baptist Faith and Message,
1:2; 3:16; 5:4-5; 7:17; 9:13-	believers from every tribe, and		now understood to be an
14; 12; Eph. 1:22-23; 2:19-22;	tongue, and people, and nation.		"instrument of doctrinal
3:8-11, 21; 5:22-32; Phil. 1:1;	Matt. 16:15-19; 18:15-20; Acts		accountability." This move has
Col. 1:18; 1 Tim. 3:1-15; 4:14;	2:41-42,47; 5:11-14; 6:3-6;		the effect of overriding the
1 Peter 5:1-4; Rev. 2-3; 21:2-3	13:1-3; 14:23,27; 15:1-30;		autonomy of the local church in
	16:5; 20:28; Rom. 1:7; 1 Cor.		decision making regarding the
	1:2; 3:16; 5:4-5; 7:17; 9:13-		role of women in church
	14; 12; Eph. 1:22-23; 2:19-22;		ministry.
	3:8-11, 21; 5:22-32; Phil. 1:1;		
	Col. 1:18; 1 Tim. 2:9-14; 3:1-		

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	15; 4:14; Heb. 11:39-40; 1		
	Peter 5:1-4; Rev. 2-3; 21:2-3		
VII. Baptism and the	VII. Baptism and the	VII. Baptism and the	VII. Baptism and the
Lord's Supper	Lord's Supper	Lord's Supper	Lord's Supper
Christian baptism is the	Christian baptism is the		
immersion of a believer in	immersion of a believer in		
water in the name of the Father,	water in the name of the Father,		
the Son, and the Holy Spirit. It	the Son, and the Holy Spirit. It		
is an act of obedience	is an act of obedience		
symbolizing the believer's faith	symbolizing the believer's faith		
in a crucified, buried, and risen	in a crucified, buried, and risen		
Saviour, the believer's death to	Saviour, the believer's death to		
sin, the burial of the old life,	sin, the burial of the old life,		
and the resurrection to walk in	and the resurrection to walk in		
newness of life in Christ Jesus.	newness of life in Christ Jesus.		
It is a testimony to his faith in	It is a testimony to his faith in		
the final resurrection of the	the final resurrection of the		
dead. Being a church	dead. Being a church		
ordinance, it is prerequisite to	ordinance, it is prerequisite to		
the privileges of church	the privileges of church		
membership and to the Lord's	membership and to the Lord's		
Supper. The Lord's Supper is a symbolic act of obedience	Supper. The Lord's Supper is a symbolic act of obedience		
whereby members of the	whereby members of the		
church, through partaking of	church, through partaking of		
the bread and the fruit of the	the bread and the fruit of the		
vine, memorialize the death of	vine, memorialize the death of		
the Redeemer and anticipate	the Redeemer and anticipate		
His second coming.	His second coming.		
Matt. 3:13-17; 26:26-30;	Matt. 3:13-17; 26:26-30;		

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28:19-20; Mark 1:9-11; 14:22- 26; Luke 3:21-22; 22:19-20; John 3:23; Acts 2:41-42; 8:35- 39; 16:30-33; Acts 20:7; Rom. 6:3-5; 1 Cor. 10:16, 21; 11:23-29; Col. 2:12 VIII. The Lord's Day The first day of the week is the Lord's Day. It is a Christian institution for regular observance. It commemorates the resurrection of Christ from the dead and should be employed in exercises of worship and spiritual devotion, both public and private, and by refraining from worldly amusements, and resting from secular employment's, work of necessity and mercy only being excepted. Ex. 20:8-11; Matt. 12:1-12; 28:1 ff; Mark 2:27-28; 16:1-7; Luke 24:1-3, 33-36; John 4:21- 24; 20:1, 19-28; Acts 20:7; 1 Cor. 16:1-2; Col. 2:16; 3:16; Rev. 1:10	28:19-20; Mark 1:9-11; 14:22- 26; Luke 3:21-22; 22:19-20; John 3:23; Acts 2:41-42; 8:35- 39; 16:30-33; 20:7; Rom. 6:3- 5; 1 Cor. 10:16,21; 11:23-29; Col. 2:12 VIII. The Lord's Day The first day of the week is the Lord's Day. It is a Christian institution for regular observance. It commemorates the resurrection of Christ from the dead and should include exercises of worship and spiritual devotion, both public and private. Activities on the Lord's Day should be commensurate with the Christian's conscience under the Lordship of Jesus Christ. <i>Ex.</i> 20:8-11; Matt. 12:1-12; 28:1ff; Mark 2:27-28; 16:1-7; Luke 24:1-3,33-36; John 4:21- 24; 20:1,19-28; Acts 20:7; Rom. 14:5-10; I Cor. 16:1-2; Col. 2:16; 3:16; Rev. 1:10	VIII. The Lord's Day Replaces the phrase, "be employed in" with the word, "include." Replaces the phrases, "and by refraining from worldly amusements, and resting from secular employment's, work of necessity and mercy only being excepted" with the sentence, "Activities on the Lord's Day should be commensurate with the Christian's conscience under the Lordship of Jesus Christ."	VIII. The Lord's Day

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IX. The Kingdom	IX. The Kingdom	IX. The Kingdom	IX. The Kingdom
The Kingdom of God includes both His general sovereignty over the universe and His particular kingship over men who willfully acknowledge Him as King. Particularly the Kingdom is the realm of salvation into which men enter by trustful, childlike commitment to Jesus Christ. Christians ought to pray and to labor that the Kingdom may come and God's will be done on earth. The full consummation of the Kingdom awaits the return of Jesus Christ and the end of this age. <i>Gen. 1:1; Isa. 9:6-7; Jer. 23:5-</i> <i>6; Matt. 3:2; 4:8-10, 23; 12:25-</i> <i>28; 13:1-52; 25:31-46; 26:29;</i> <i>Mark 1:14-15; 9:1; Luke 4:43;</i> <i>8:1; 9:2; 12:31-32; 17:20-21;</i> <i>23:42; John 3:3; 18:36; Acts</i> <i>1:6-7; 17:22-31; Rom. 5:17;</i> <i>8:19; 1 Cor. 15:24-28; Col.</i> <i>1:13; Heb. 11:10, 16; 12:28; 1</i> <i>Peter 2:4-10; 4:13; Rev. 1:6, 9;</i> <i>5:10; 11:15; 21-22</i>	The Kingdom of God includes both His general sovereignty over the universe and His particular kingship over men who willfully acknowledge Him as King. Particularly the Kingdom is the realm of salvation into which men enter by trustful, childlike commitment to Jesus Christ. Christians ought to pray and to labor that the Kingdom may come and God's will be done on earth. The full consummation of the Kingdom awaits the return of Jesus Christ and the end of this age. <i>Gen. 1:1; Isa. 9:6-7; Jer. 23:5-</i> <i>6; Matt. 3:2; 4:8-10,23; 12:25-</i> <i>28; 13:1-52; 25:31-46; 26:29;</i> <i>Mark 1:14-15; 9:1; Luke 4:43;</i> <i>8:1; 9:2; 12:31-32; 17:20-21;</i> <i>23:42; John 3:3; 18:36; Acts</i> <i>1:6-7; 17:22-31; Rom. 5:17;</i> <i>8:19; 1 Cor. 15:24-28; Col.</i> <i>1:13; Heb. 11:10, 16; 12:28; 1</i> <i>Peter 2:4-10; 4:13; Rev. 1:6,9;</i> <i>5:10; 11:15; 21-22</i>		

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X. Last Things	X. Last Things	X. Last Things	X. Last Things
God, in His own time and in	God, in His own time and in		
His own way, will bring the	His own way, will bring the		
world to its appropriate end.	world to its appropriate end.		
According to His promise,	According to His promise,		
Jesus Christ will return	Jesus Christ will return		
personally and visibly in glory	personally and visibly in glory		
to the earth; the dead will be	to the earth; the dead will be		
raised; and Christ will judge all	raised; and Christ will judge all		
men in righteousness. The	men in righteousness. The		
unrighteous will be consigned	unrighteous will be consigned		
to Hell, the place of everlasting	to Hell, the place of everlasting		
punishment. The righteous in	punishment. The righteous in		
their resurrected and glorified	their resurrected and glorified		
bodies will receive their reward	bodies will receive their reward		
and will dwell forever in	and will dwell forever in		
Heaven with the Lord.	Heaven with the Lord.		
Isa. 2:4; 11:9; Matt. 16:27;	Isa. 2:4; 11:9; Matt. 16:27;		
18:8-9; 19:28; 24:27, 30, 36,	18:8-9; 19:28; 24:27, 30, 36,		
44; 25:31-46; 26:64; Mark	44; 25:31-46; 26:64; Mark		
8:38; 9:43-48; Luke 12:40, 48;	8:38; 9:43-48; Luke 12:40, 48;		
16:19-26; 17:22-37; 21:27-28;	16:19-26; 17:22-37; 21:27-28;		
John 14:1-3; Acts 1:11; 17:31;	John 14:1-3; Acts 1:11; 17:31;		
Rom. 14:10; 1 Cor. 4:5; 15:24-	Rom. 14:10; 1 Cor. 4:5; 15:24-		
28, 35-58; 2 Cor. 5:10; Phil.	28,35-58; 2 Cor. 5:10; Phil.		
3:20-21; Col. 1:5; 3:4; 1 Thess.	3:20-21; Col. 1:5; 3:4; 1 Thess.		
4:14-18; 5:1 ff; 2 Thess. 1:7 ff;	4:14-18; 5:1ff; 2 Thess. 1:7ff;		
2; 1 Tim. 6:14; 2 Tim. 4:1, 8;	2; 1 Tim. 6:14; 2 Tim. 4:1,8;		
<i>Titus 2:13; Heb. 9:27-28;</i>	<i>Titus 2:13; Heb. 9:27-28;</i>		
James 5:8; 2 Peter 3:7 ff; 1	James 5:8; 2 Peter 3:7ff; 1		
John 2:28; 3:2; Jude 14; Rev.	John 2:28; 3:2; Jude 14; Rev.		

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1:18; 3:11; 20:1-22:13	1:18; 3:11; 20:1-22:13		
XI. Evangelism and	XI. Evangelism and	XI. Evangelism and	XI. Evangelism and
Missions	Missions	Missions	Missions
It is the duty and privilege of	It is the duty and privilege of		
every follower of Christ and of	every follower of Christ and of		
every church of the Lord Jesus	every church of the Lord Jesus		
Christ to endeavor to make	Christ to endeavor to make		
disciples of all nations. The	disciples of all nations. The		
new birth of man's spirit by	new birth of man's spirit by		
God's Holy Spirit means the	God's Holy Spirit means the		
birth of love for others.	birth of love for others.		
Missionary effort on the part of	Missionary effort on the part of		
all rests thus upon a spiritual	all rests thus upon a spiritual		
necessity of the regenerate life,	necessity of the regenerate life,		
and is expressly and repeatedly	and is expressly and repeatedly		
commanded in the teachings of	commanded in the teachings of	Adds the sentence, "The Lord	
Christ. It is the duty of every	Christ. The Lord Jesus Christ	Jesus Christ has commanded	
child of God to seek constantly	has commanded the preaching	the preaching of the gospel to	
to win the lost to Christ by	of the gospel to all nations. It is	all nations."	
personal effort and by all other	the duty of every child of God		
methods in harmony with the	to seek constantly to win the	Replaces the phrase, "by	
gospel of Christ.	lost to Christ by verbal witness	personal effort and by all other	
Gen. 12:1-3; Ex. 19:5-6; Isa.	undergirded by a Christian	<i>methods</i> " with the phrase, "by	
6:1-8; Matt. 9:37-38; 10:5-15;	lifestyle, and by other methods	verbal witness undergirded by	
13:18-30, 37-43; 16:19; 22:9-	in harmony with the gospel of	a Christian lifestyle, and by	
10; 24:14; 28:18-20; Luke	Christ.	other methods."	
10:1-18; 24:46-53; John	Gen. 12:1-3; Ex. 19:5-6; Isa.		
14:11-12; 15:7-8, 16; 17:15;	6:1-8; Matt. 9:37-38; 10:5-15;		
20:21; Acts 1:8; 2; 8:26-40;	13:18-30, 37-43; 16:19; 22:9-		
10:42-48; 13:2-3; Rom. 10:13-	10; 24:14; 28:18-20; Luke		

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22:17		
XII. Education	XII. Education	XII. Education
Christianity is the faith of	Adds the sentences,	
enlightenment and intelligence.	"Christianity is the faith of	
In Jesus Christ abide all the	enlightenment and intelligence.	
treasures of wisdom and	In Jesus Christ abide all the	
	treasures of wisdom and	
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	knowledge."	
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	Message 10:1-18; 24:46-53; John 14:11-12; 15:7-8,16; 17:15; 20:21; Acts 1:8; 2; 8:26-40; 10:42-48; 13:2-3; Rom. 10:13- 15; Eph. 3:1-11; 1 Thess. 1:8; 2 Tim. 4:5; Heb. 2:1-3; 11:39- 12:2; 1 Peter 2:4-10; Rev. 22:17 XII. Education Christianity is the faith of enlightenment and intelligence. In Jesus Christ abide all the	Message10:1-18; 24:46-53; John 14:11-12; 15:7-8,16; 17:15; 20:21; Acts 1:8; 2; 8:26-40; 10:42-48; 13:2-3; Rom. 10:13- 15; Eph. 3:1-11; 1 Thess. 1:8; 2 Tim. 4:5; Heb. 2:1-3; 11:39- 12:2; 1 Peter 2:4-10; Rev. 22:17XII. EducationXII. EducationChristianity is the faith of enlightenment and intelligence. In Jesus Christ abide all the treasures of wisdom and knowledge. All sound learning is, therefore, a part of our Christian heritage. The new birth opens all human faculties and creates a thirst for knowledge. Moreover, the cause of education in the Kingdom of Christ is co- ordinate with the causes of missions and general benevolence, and should receive along with these the liberal support of the churches. An adequate system of Christian education is necessary to a completeAdds the sentences, "Christian theritage. The new birth opens all human faculties and creates a thirst for knowledge. Moreover, the cause of education in the Kingdom of Christ is co- ordinate with the causes of missions and general benevolence, and should receive along with these the liberal support of the churches. An adequate system of Christian education is necessary to a complete

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by the pre-eminence of Jesus	people.		
Christ, by the authoritative			
nature of the Scriptures, and by	In Christian education there		
he distinct purpose for which	should be a proper balance		
the school exists.	between academic freedom and		
Deut. 4:1, 5, 9, 14; 6:1-10;	academic responsibility.		
31:12-13; Neh. 8:1-8; Job	Freedom in any orderly		
28:28; Psalm 19:7 ff; 119:11;	relationship of human life is		
Prov. 3:13 ff; 4:1-10; 8:1-7,	always limited and never		
11; 15:14; Eccl. 7:19; Matt.	absolute. The freedom of a		
5:2; 7:24 ff; 28:19-20; Luke	teacher in a Christian school,		
2:40; 1 Cor. 1:18-31; Eph.	college, or seminary is limited		
4:11-16; Phil. 4:8; Col. 2:3, 8- 9; 1 Tim. 1:3-7; 2 Tim. 2:15;	by the pre-eminence of Jesus Christ, by the authoritative		
3:14-17; Heb. 5:12-6:3; James	nature of the Scriptures, and by		
1:5; 3:17	the distinct purpose for which		
1.5, 5.17	the school exists.		
	<i>Deut.</i> 4:1,5,9,14; 6:1-10;		
	31:12-13; Neh. 8:1-8; Job		
	28:28; Psalm 19:7ff; 119:11;		
	<i>Prov.</i> 3:13ff; 4:1-10; 8:1-7,11;		
	15:14; Eccl. 7:19; Matt. 5:2;		
	7:24ff; 28:19-20; Luke 2:40; 1		
	Cor. 1:18-31; Eph. 4:11-16;		
	Phil. 4:8; Col. 2:3,8-9; 1 Tim.		
	1:3-7; 2 Tim. 2:15; 3:14-17;		
	Heb. 5:12-6:3; James 1:5; 3:17		
XIII. Stewardship	XIII. Stewardship	XIII. Stewardship	XIII. Stewardship
God is the source of all	God is the source of all		
blessings, temporal and	blessings, temporal and		

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spiritual; all that we have and	spiritual; all that we have and		
are we owe to Him. Christians	are we owe to Him. Christians		
have a spiritual debtorship to	have a spiritual debtorship to		
the whole world, a holy	the whole world, a holy		
trusteeship in the gospel, and a	trusteeship in the gospel, and a		
binding stewardship in their	binding stewardship in their		
possessions. They are therefore	possessions. They are therefore		
under obligation to serve Him	under obligation to serve Him		
with their time, talents, and	with their time, talents, and		
material possessions; and	material possessions; and		
should recognize all these as	should recognize all these as		
entrusted to them to use for the	entrusted to them to use for the		
glory of God and for helping	glory of God and for helping		
others. According to the	others. According to the		
Scriptures, Christians should	Scriptures, Christians should		
contribute of their means	contribute of their means		
cheerfully, regularly,	cheerfully, regularly,		
systematically, proportionately,	systematically, proportionately,		
and liberally for the	and liberally for the		
advancement of the	advancement of the		
Redeemer's cause on earth.	Redeemer's cause on earth.		
Gen. 14:20; Lev. 27:30-32;	Gen. 14:20; Lev. 27:30-32;		
Deut. 8:18; Mal. 3:8-12; Matt.	Deut. 8:18; Mal. 3:8-12; Matt.		
6:1-4, 19-21; 19:21; 23:23;	6:1-4,19-21; 19:21; 23:23;		
25:14-29; Luke 12:16-21, 42;	25:14-29; Luke 12:16-21, 42;		
16:1-13; Acts 2:44-47; 5:1-11;	16:1-13; Acts 2:44-47; 5:1-11;		
17:24-25; 20:35; Rom. 6:6-22;	17:24-25; 20:35; Rom. 6:6-22;		
12:1-2; 1 Cor. 4:1-2; 6:19-20;	12:1-2; 1 Cor. 4:1-2; 6:19-20;		
12; 16:1-4; 2 Cor. 8-9; 12:15;	12; 16:1-4; 2 Cor. 8-9; 12:15;		
Phil. 4:10-19; 1 Peter 1:18-19	Phil. 4:10-19; 1 Peter 1:18-19		

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XIV. Cooperation	XIV. Cooperation	XIV. Cooperation	XIV. Cooperation
Christ's people should, as	Christ's people should, as		
occasion requires, organize	occasion requires, organize		
such associations and	such associations and		
conventions as may best secure	conventions as may best secure		
cooperation for the great	cooperation for the great		
objects of the Kingdom of God.	objects of the Kingdom of God.		
Such organizations have no	Such organizations have no		
authority over one another or	authority over one another or		
over the churches. They are	over the churches. They are		
voluntary and advisory bodies	voluntary and advisory bodies		
designed to elicit, combine, and	designed to elicit, combine, and		
direct the energies of our	direct the energies of our		
people in the most effective	people in the most effective		
manner. Members of New	manner. Members of New		
Testament churches should	Testament churches should		
cooperate with one another in	cooperate with one another in		
carrying forward the	carrying forward the		
missionary, educational, and	missionary, educational, and		
benevolent ministries for the	benevolent ministries for the		
extension of Christ's Kingdom.	extension of Christ's Kingdom.		
Christian unity in the New	Christian unity in the New		
Testament sense is spiritual	Testament sense is spiritual		
harmony and voluntary	harmony and voluntary		
cooperation for common ends	cooperation for common ends		
by various groups of Christ's	by various groups of Christ's		
people. Cooperation is	people. Cooperation is		
desirable between the various	desirable between the various		
Christian denominations, when	Christian denominations, when		
the end to be attained is itself	the end to be attained is itself		
justified, and when such	justified, and when such		

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cooperation involves no violation of conscience or compromise of loyalty to Christ and His Word as revealed in the New Testament. <i>Ex.</i> 17:12; 18:17 ff; Judg. 7:21; <i>Ezra</i> 1:3-4; 2:68-69; 5:14-15; Neh. 4; 8:1-5; Matt. 10:5-15; 20:1-16; 22:1-10; 28:19-20; Mark 2:3; Luke 10:1ff; Acts 1:13-14; 2:1 ff; 4:31-37; 13:2- 3; 15:1-35; 1 Cor. 1:10-17; 3:5-15; 12; 2 Cor. 8-9; Gal. 1:6-10; Eph. 4:1-16; Phil. 1:15-18	cooperation involves no violation of conscience or compromise of loyalty to Christ and His Word as revealed in the New Testament. <i>Ex.</i> 17:12; 18:17ff; Judg. 7:21; <i>Ezra</i> 1:3-4; 2:68-69; 5:14-15; Neh. 4; 8:1-5; Matt. 10:5-15; 20:1-16; 22:1-10; 28:19-20; Mark 2:3; Luke 10:1ff; Acts 1:13-14; 2:1ff; 4:31-37; 13:2- 3; 15:1-35; 1 Cor. 1:10-17; 3:5-15; 12; 2 Cor. 8-9; Gal. 1:6-10; Eph. 4:1-16; Phil. 1:15-18		
XV. The Christian and the Social Order	XV. The Christian and the Social Order	XV. The Christian and the Social Order	XV. The Christian and the Social Order
Every Christian is under obligation to seek to make the will of Christ supreme in his own life and in human society. Means and methods used for the improvement of society and the establishment of righteousness among men can be truly and permanently helpful only when they are rooted in the regeneration of the individual by the saving grace of God in Christ Jesus.	All Christians are under obligation to seek to make the will of Christ supreme in our own lives and in human society. Means and methods used for the improvement of society and the establishment of righteousness among men can be truly and permanently helpful only when they are rooted in the regeneration of the individual by the saving grace of God in Jesus Christ. In		

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The Christian should oppose, in	the spirit of Christ, Christians	Adds the word "racism" and	
the spirit of Christ, every form	should oppose racism, every	the phrase, "and all forms of	
of greed, selfishness, and vice.	form of greed, selfishness, and	sexual immorality, including	
He should work to provide for	vice, and all forms of sexual	adultery, homosexuality, and	
the orphaned, the needy, the	immorality, including adultery,	pornography."	
aged, the helpless, and the sick.	homosexuality, and		
Every Christian should seek to	pornography. We should work		
bring industry, government,	to provide for the orphaned, the		
and society as a whole under	needy, the abused, the aged, the		
the sway of the principles of	helpless, and the sick. We	Adds the sentence, "We should	
righteousness, truth, and	should speak on behalf of the	speak on behalf of the unborn	
brotherly love. In order to	unborn and contend for the	and contend for the sanctity of	
promote these ends Christians	sanctity of all human life from	all human life from conception	
should be ready to work with	conception to natural death.	to natural death."	
all men of good will in any	Every Christian should seek to		
good cause, always being	bring industry, government,		
careful to act in the spirit of	and society as a whole under		
love without compromising	the sway of the principles of		
their loyalty to Christ and His	righteousness, truth, and		
truth.	brotherly love. In order to		
<i>Ex.</i> 20:3-17; <i>Lev.</i> 6:2-5; <i>Deut.</i>	promote these ends Christians		
10:12; 27:17; Psalm 101:5;	should be ready to work with		
Mic. 6:8; Zech. 8:16; Matt.	all men of good will in any		
5:13-16, 43-48; 22:36-40;	good cause, always being		
25:35; Mark 1:29-34; 2:3 ff;	careful to act in the spirit of		
10:21; Luke 4:18-21; 10:27-	love without compromising		
37; 20:25; John 15:12; 17:15;	their loyalty to Christ and His		
Rom. 12; 13; 14; 1 Cor. 5:9-	truth.		
10; 6:1-7; 7:20- 24; 10:23 ff;	<i>Ex.</i> 20:3-17; <i>Lev.</i> 6:2-5; <i>Deut.</i>		
11:1; Gal. 3:26-28; Eph. 6:5-9;	10:12; 27:17; Psalm 101:5;		
Col. 3:12-17; 1 Thess. 3:12;	Mic. 6:8; Zech. 8:16; Matt.		
Philemon; James 1:27; 2:8	5:13-16,43-48; 22:36-40;		

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	25:35; Mark 1:29-34; 2:3ff;		
	10:21; Luke 4:18-21; 10:27-		
	37; 20:25; John 15:12; 17:15;		
	<i>Rom.</i> 12-14; 1Cor. 5:9-10; 6:1-		
	7; 7:20-24; 10:23-11:1; Gal.		
	3:26-28; Eph. 6:5-9; Col. 3:12-		
	17; 1 Thess. 3:12; Phil.; James		
	1:27; 2:8		
XVI. Peace and War	XVI. Peace and War	XVI. Peace and War	XVI. Peace and War
It is the duty of Christians to	It is the duty of Christians to		
It is the duty of Christians to	It is the duty of Christians to		
seek peace with all men on principles of righteousness. In	seek peace with all men on principles of righteousness. In		
accordance with the spirit and	accordance with the spirit and		
teachings of Christ they should	teachings of Christ they should		
do all in their power to put an	do all in their power to put an		
end to war. The true remedy for	end to war. The true remedy for		
the war spirit is the gospel of	the war spirit is the gospel of		
our Lord. The supreme need of	our Lord. The supreme need of		
the world is the acceptance of	the world is the acceptance of		
His teachings in all the affairs	His teachings in all the affairs		
of men and nations, and the	of men and nations, and the		
practical application of His law	practical application of His law	Adds the sentence, "Christian	
of love.	of love. Christian people	people throughout the world	
Isa. 2:4; Matt. 5:9, 38-48;	throughout the world should	should pray for the reign of the	
6:33; 26:52; Luke 22:36, 38;	pray for the reign of the Prince	Prince of Peace."	
Rom. 12:18-19; 13:1-7; 14:19;	of Peace.		
Heb. 12:14; James 4:1-2	Isa. 2:4; Matt. 5:9, 38-48;		
	6:33; 26:52; Luke 22:36, 38;		
	Rom. 12:18-19; 13:1-7; 14:19;		
	Heb. 12:14; James 4:1-2		

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XVII. Religious Liberty	XVII. Religious Liberty	XVII. Religious Liberty	XVII. Religious Liberty
God alone is Lord of the	God alone is Lord of the		
conscience, and He has left it	conscience, and He has left it		
free from the doctrines and	free from the doctrines and		
commandments of men which	commandments of men which		
are contrary to His Word or not	are contrary to His Word or not		
contained in it. Church and	contained in it. Church and		
state should be separate. The	state should be separate. The		
state owes to every church	state owes to every church		
protection and full freedom in	protection and full freedom in		
the pursuit of its spiritual ends.	the pursuit of its spiritual ends.		
In providing for such freedom	In providing for such freedom		
no ecclesiastical group or	no ecclesiastical group or		
denomination should be	denomination should be		
favored by the state more than	favored by the state more than		
others. Civil government being	others. Civil government being		
ordained of God, it is the duty	ordained of God, it is the duty		
of Christians to render loyal	of Christians to render loyal		
obedience thereto in all things	obedience thereto in all things		
not contrary to the revealed will	not contrary to the revealed will		
of God. The church should not	of God. The church should not		
resort to the civil power to	resort to the civil power to		
carry on its work. The gospel of	carry on its work. The gospel of		
Christ contemplates spiritual	Christ contemplates spiritual		
means alone for the pursuit of	means alone for the pursuit of		
its ends. The state has no right to impose penalties for	its ends. The state has no right to impose penalties for		
religious opinions of any kind.	religious opinions of any kind.		
The state has no right to impose	The state has no right to impose		
taxes for the support of any	taxes for the support of any		
taxes for the support of ally	takes for the support of ally		

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form of religion. A free church in a free state is the Christian ideal, and this implies the right of free and unhindered access to God on the part of all men, and the right to form and propagate opinions in the sphere of religion without interference by the civil power. <i>Gen.</i> 1:27; 2:7; <i>Matt.</i> 6:6-7, 24; 16:26; 22:21; John 8:36; Acts 4:19-20; Rom. 6:1-2; 13:1-7; Gal. 5:1, 13; Phil. 3:20; 1 Tim. 2:1-2; James 4:12; 1 Peter 2:12-17; 3:11- 17; 4:12-19	form of religion. A free church in a free state is the Christian ideal, and this implies the right of free and unhindered access to God on the part of all men, and the right to form and propagate opinions in the sphere of religion without interference by the civil power. <i>Gen.</i> 1:27; 2:7; Matt. 6:6-7, 24; 16:26; 22:21; John 8:36; Acts 4:19-20; Rom. 6:1-2; 13:1-7; Gal. 5:1,13; Phil. 3:20; 1 Tim. 2:1-2; James 4:12; 1 Peter 2:12-17; 3:11-17; 4:12- 19		
XVIII. The Family	XVIII. The Family God has ordained the family as the foundational institution of human society. It is composed of persons related to one another by marriage, blood, or adoption. Marriage is the uniting of one man and one woman in covenant commitment for a lifetime. It is God's unique gift to reveal the union between Christ and His church and to provide for the man and the	XVIII. The Family Adds the entire section.	XVIII. The Family

Message Mess	Faith and Changes	
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woman in marriag framework for int companionship, t sexual expression biblical standards means for procea human race. The husband and equal worth befor both are created i image. The marria relationship mode God relates to His husband is to love Christ loved the c the God-given res provide for, to pra lead his family. A submit herself gra servant leadership husband even as t willingly submits headship of Chriss in the image of G husband and thus has the God-given responsibility to r husband and to se helper in managir household and nu next generation. C	imate he channel of according to , and the tion of the wife are of e God, since h God's age els the way people. A his wife as hurch. He has ponsibility to otect, and to wife is to aciously to the of her he church to the t. She, being od as is her equal to him, h espect her rve as his g the rturing the Children, from	The language of this section supports unilateral submission rather than mutual submission, and in so doing, interjects one particular reading of the New Testament "housetable" passages, e.g., Eph. 5:21ff, into the language of the <i>Baptist</i> <i>Faith and Message</i> , now understood to be an "instrument of doctrinal accountability." At issue is not whether the New Testament teaches submission, but whether the texts in question actually counsel submission only for wives. Careful exegesis of these texts in

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	a blessing and heritage from the		biblical and historic context
	Lord. Parents are to		suggests that submission was
	demonstrate to their children		expected of <i>both</i> husbands and
	God's pattern for marriage.		wives. Since mutual
	Parents are to teach their		submission is at least as
	children spiritual and moral		defensible as unilateral
	values and to lead them,		submission, it seems
	through consistent lifestyle		inappropriate to embed the
	example and loving discipline,		language of unilateral
	to make choices based on		submission into the text of the
	biblical truth. Children are to		Baptist Faith and Message.
	honor and obey their parents.		
	Gen. 1:26-28; 2:15-25; 3:1-20;		
	<i>Ex.</i> 20:12; <i>Deut.</i> 6:4-9; <i>Josh.</i>		
	24:15; 1 Sam. 1:26-28; Psalm		
	51:5; 78:1-8; 127; 128;		
	139:13-16; Prov. 1:8; 5:15-20;		
	6:20-22; 12:4; 13:24; 14:1;		
	17:6; 18:22; 22:6,15; 23:13-		
	14; 24:3; 29:15,17; 31:10-31;		
	Eccl. 4:9-12; 9:9; Mal. 2:14-		
	16; Matt. 5:31-32; 18:2-5;		
	19:3-9; Mark 10:6-12; Rom.		
	1:18-32; 1 Cor. 7:1-16; Eph.		
	5:21-33; 6:1-4; Col. 3:18-21; 1		
	<i>Tim.</i> 5:8,14; 2 <i>Tim.</i> 1:3-5; <i>Titus</i>		
	2:3-5; Heb. 13:4; 1 Peter 3:1-7		

¹ Herschel H. Hobbs, *The Baptist Faith and Message*, Revised Edition (Nashville: Convention Press, 1971), p. 14.